



Crastin® FGS600F40 BK594 (PRELIMINARY) THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

Crastin® FGS600F40 BK594 is an unreinforced lubricated, low viscosity polybutylene terephthalate resin for injection molding. It has been developed for consideration into applications such as parts for the food industry.

FOOD CONTACT

This product is manufactured according to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) principles and generally accepted in food contact applications in Europe and the USA when meeting applicable use conditions. For details, individual compliance statements are available from our representative.

Product information

Resin Identification Part Marking Code	PBT >PBT<		ISO 1043 ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Melt mass-flow rate Melt mass-flow rate, Temperature Melt mass-flow rate, Load Moulding shrinkage, parallel	36 250 2.16 1.8	kg	ISO 1133 ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, parallel Moulding shrinkage, normal	1.8		ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile modulus Tensile stress at yield, 50mm/min Tensile strain at yield, 50mm/min Nominal strain at break Tensile strain at break, 50mm/min Flexural modulus Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Poisson's ratio	58 4 20 30 2500 N		ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA
Thermal properties Melting temperature, 10°C/min Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal Thermal conductivity of melt Specific heat capacity of melt [1]: From Crastin® S600F40 NC010	57 110 ^[1] 120 ^[1] 0.21	°C °C °C E-6/K E-6/K W/(m K) J/(kg K)	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 22007-2 ISO 22007-4

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Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	1.5 mm	IEC 60695-11-10
Oxygen index	22 %	ISO 4589-1/-2
FMVSS Class	В	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Burning rate. Thickness 1 mm	<80 mm/min	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

Physical/Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.2 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.4 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1320 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
Dancity of malt	1110 kg/m ³	

Injection

Drying Recommended	yes	۰.
Drying Temperature Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	140 4 - 6	-
Processing Moisture Content	4 - 0 ≤0.01	
Melt Temperature Optimum	240	, -
Min. melt temperature	240	-
Max. melt temperature	250	°C
Mold Temperature Optimum	80	°C
Min. mould temperature	60	°C
Max. mould temperature	120	°C
Hold pressure range	≥60	MPa
Hold pressure time	4	s/mm
Back pressure	As low as	MPa
	possible	
Ejection temperature	170	°C

Characteristics

Processing Injection Moulding

Delivery form Pellets

Additional information

Injection molding

To minimize the volatile content in the final product, dry the resin to ≤0.01% water

content. In injection molding, use the lowest possible melt temperature (recommended 240 °C) and shortest feasible residence time (recommended 2-3 minutes). Store the parts in a ventilated, clean area before use. If assistance is

needed please contact your Celanese account representative.

These recommendations are based on internal Celanese testing. For drying and injection molding conditions outside the above parameters, customer must test for and verify suitably low volatiles emissions on molded articles to confirm the final product is suitably pure for its intended use.

Processing Notes Pre-Drying

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To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, CRASTIN resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than 0.01%. Drying should be done in a dehumidifying hopper dryer capable of dewpoints <-40°C (-40°F) at 140°C (284°F) for 4-6 hours.

Storage

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed (<=60 h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100° C.

Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- X Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- X Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- X Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- X Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- X Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

✓ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

✓ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- X SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- X SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

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Standard Fuels

- X ISO 1817 Liquid 1 E5, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 2 M15E4, 60°C
- ★ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 M3E7, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 4 M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ★ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- X Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- X DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ★ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- √ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- X Water, 90°C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

Symbols used:

✓ possibly resistant

Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

x not recommended - see explanation

Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

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The above data are preliminary and are subject to change as additional data are developed on subsequent lots.

NOTICE TO USERS: Values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. These values alone do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing maximum, minimum, or ranges of values for specification purposes. Colourants or other additives may cause significant variations in data values. Properties of moulded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design processing conditions and environmental exposure. Other than those products expressly identified as medical grade (including by MT® product designation or otherwise), Celanese's products are not intended for use in medical or dental implants. Regardless of any such product designation, any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material as subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy and completeness of such information. The information contained in this publication should not be construed as a promise or guarantee of specific properties of our products. It is the sole responsibility of the users to investigate whether any existing patents are infringed by the use of the materials mentioned in this publication. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in this publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. We recommend that persons intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any eq

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